

# WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

Monday, April 17, 1848.

AGENCY.—JAMES M. REDMOND, Postmaster at  
Tabor, is agent for this paper, for Edgecombe and  
the adjoining Counties. Mr. R. will take pleasure in  
receiving new subscribers and receiving for any money  
due in that section.

AMERICAN EDITION OF BRITISH PERIODI-  
CALS.—Leonard Scott & Co., 79 Fulton Street,  
New York, have placed upon our table sev-  
eral copies of their reprint of the British Re-  
views and Blackwood's Magazine. Of the  
literary merits of these works it is scarcely  
necessary for us to say anything. They have  
long since acquired a high reputation as stand-  
ard works of literature, both in this and the  
old country. There are few well-informed  
men who would not like to have them, con-  
sidered as they are with marked ability, and  
giving as they do an intelligent picture of the  
progress of society in the old world. We do  
not think that money could be better laid out  
for literature than it would be for these works.  
The extremely low price at which the Ameri-  
can editions are furnished to subscribers, makes  
it an object to the literary public to give them  
a liberal support. The publishers' advertise-  
ment will be found in this paper, to which we  
respectfully refer. Mr. L. H. Pierce,  
Bookseller, is agent in this place for the pub-  
lishers.

THE RATOON.—This is the title of a new  
paper which has just made its appearance be-  
fore the public. The Ratoon is printed at  
Hillsboro, N. C. Its politics are of the Demo-  
cratic order, and bids fair to be of infinite  
service to the Republican party. The Ratoon  
is printed in quarto form, at \$2 a year, in ad-  
vance. We doubt not the Democracy will give  
it a liberal support.

TO THE REAL ESTATE OWNERS OF  
THE TOWN OF WILMINGTON.

GENTLEMEN:—To you these few remarks  
are particularly addressed, in reference to the  
action taken by some of the would-be wise  
citizens of our town relative to the taxation of  
town property, for the purpose of creating a  
fund or becoming surety for a loan to build  
the Manchester Railroad.

It has not been the custom in this country,  
so far as my observation has extended, for any  
portion of a community to assemble together  
and pass resolutions (entirely unconstitutional,  
al.) operating onerously on those of the citi-  
zens who do not conform to them in opinion.  
It seems to me a far-fetched idea, and one on  
the face of which is stamped arrogance and  
impertinence. How stands the case in point?  
Let us examine into its merits and progress.  
You all know that the Wilmington & Raleigh  
Rail Road is at present in a dilapidated state,  
and that many of the Stockholders are pos-  
sessors of Real Estate in the Town of Wilming-  
ton. Well, it is perfectly natural to suppose  
that all persons mulcted in for Stock in the  
old Rail Road would be desirous of instituting  
any scheme by which they might be remuner-  
ated for former investments and add to the  
prosperity of the town. This is all right—  
just as it should be. It is really laudable,  
when properly conducted, and every good citi-  
zen should wish success to it. But how  
stands the case? An excitement is gotten up  
—the Manchester Road must be built—the  
savage assembly-meetings and adjourned  
meetings have taken place—sage resolutions  
passed—and it is resolved and re-resolved  
that the property of our citizens should be taxed  
to build this Rail Road, and their faith shall  
be pledged for a loan of \$100,000. O tem-  
pora, O mores! How have we changed!  
We are not the same community that we were  
15 years ago. Innovations have been made  
in society—old mode citizens have retired  
from the arena of public affairs, and strangers  
have taken their places—men of yesterday as-  
sume the authority, and rule our town affairs,  
claiming all the honor, without the means of  
responsibility.

In that large list of names favorable to tax-  
ation for the purpose set forth above, how  
many of them own one single foot of ground?  
Is it right that such names should appear? or  
is it just that those who do not own property  
should be privileged to tax the property of  
others? I think not. These few ideas are  
hastily thrown together, hoping that they may  
catch the eye of some of our thinking citizens  
who have deep interest at stake, and whose  
influence, when exerted, cannot fail to coun-  
teract the abominable scheme of taxation, in  
itself unconstitutional and destructive to the  
good feeling of the community. FELIX.

FROM MEXICO.—The schr. Creole, at New  
Orleans, from Vera Cruz, brings three days  
later intelligence from Mexico. A mail had  
reached Vera Cruz from the City of Mexico,  
with dates from the Capital to the 25th ult.—  
The Creole sailed from Vera Cruz on the 30th  
ult. Gen'l Valencia died of apoplexy on the  
25th March. This is the officer who had com-  
mand of the Mexican forces at the battle of  
Contreras, and upon whom Santa Anna threw  
the responsibility of the defeat of the Mexican  
army. The Mexican Congress had not yet  
assembled. The Court of Inquiry was still in  
session.

LATER.—The steamship Ohio arrived at  
New Orleans on the 8th instant, from Vera  
Cruz via Tampico, having left the former  
place on the 21st ult., and the latter on the 2d  
instant. She brought over a large mail from  
each place. The Pilotine of the 9th, says:  
The most interesting intelligence by which  
arrivals touches the designs of Santa Anna. If  
there be faith in man, the ex-President designs  
leaving Mexico at once. In the latter part of  
March, one of his agents obtained a passport  
from the American commandant at Orizaba,  
and went down to Vera Cruz to charter a ves-  
sel for him, and we learn that he succeeded in  
securing a brig, which was at last accounts  
lying off Antigua, about twelve miles north of  
Vera Cruz. There Santa Anna proposes to  
embark, and thence sail for Jamaica. Colonel  
Hughes, it is said, had an interview with him  
at his hacienda of El Encero. The colonel  
went out with two companies of dragoons to  
meet the General, at the request of the latter.  
We have no particulars of the interview. Santa  
Anna was hourly expected down to embark  
from the city of Mexico, on the 30th, under  
the command of Capt. White, Louisiana Foot, with a  
company of cavalry under Capt. Beasnon, and a  
company under Capt. Kerr.

This train met Major Graham, the bearer of  
despatches to Mexico, at Plan del Rio. The  
guerrillas were very troublesome on the road.  
All civil authority has been turned over to  
Cruz, and Tampico, pursuant to the provisions  
of the armistice.  
The conviction had become stronger that  
the Mexican Congress would assemble before  
the end of March, and that they would ratify

the treaty. On the 21st or 22d ultimo, seven  
Deputies or Senators left the city of Mexico  
for Queretaro, to take their seats. Our infor-  
mation from Queretaro is direct, and it is most  
favorable to the cause of peace. It seems to  
be well understood in the city of Mexi-  
co how far our Senate would modify the treaty,  
and there the opinion prevails that these  
modifications would not prevent its prompt  
ratification. The American Star, of the 22d  
ult., without expressing any opinion as to the  
treaty, is confident a quorum would soon  
be had at Queretaro—that "the treaty will  
not be sooner there than the necessary num-  
ber of members." The Deputies from Oaxaca  
left for Queretaro on the 6th ult.  
Gen'l Scott designed to leave Mexico for  
the United States immediately upon the ad-  
journalment of the court of inquiry. This, it  
was thought, would take place as early as the  
25th ult., and we learn that Gen'l Scott to-  
wards Vera Cruz. One gentleman with whom we  
have conversed is sanguine that the General  
is now upon the Gulf on his passage thither.  
It is certain that he was hourly expected at  
Vera Cruz, and that quarters had been pre-  
pared for him there.

Purser R. M. Price, of the navy, came pas-  
senger on the Ohio, bearing despatches from  
the Pacific to the Government. He is only  
thirty-three days from the U. S. squadron, and  
leaves this day for Washington.

Com. Rudd and Purser Christian had joined  
the squadron. They were wrecked on their  
passage from San Francisco to Mazatlan, in  
the brig Com. Stockton, near the mouth of the  
Rio Grande, and the passengers and crew  
were only saved by the providential appear-  
ance of three whale boats, which were thirty  
miles from their ship in pursuit of a whale.

Capt. Simmons, of the American whale ship  
Magnolia, and Capt. Barker, of the whale  
ship Edward, who so gallantly landed  
with their crews and marched to the relief of  
our garrison at San Jose, Lower California, in  
November last, are on their return home by  
way of Panama.

FROM TAMPIO.—The U. S. schr. Nelsaco,  
Captain Decker, arrived yesterday from Tam-  
pico, whence she sailed on the 2d inst. We  
learn from Captain Decker that the civil au-  
thorities took possession of Tampico on the  
1st instant; also that the Indians were com-  
ing to the city, and that the Captain's com-  
pany left Tampico for the place on the 1st  
instant, to disperse the Indians.

FROM THE NEW ORLEANS PLYCANE, April 9.

We copy from the North American of the  
21st ult. the latest news from the Pacific:  
LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM THE PACIFIC.  
We have news from Lower California to  
the 23d February, and Mazatlan to the 1st  
March. The frigates Independence and Con-  
gress were at Mazatlan, a large portion of the  
crews of both vessels being on shore garri-  
soning that place, which has been held since  
November. The sailors have done a large  
amount of work in fortifying the place.  
The fortifications are now very strong, and Com.  
Shubrick thinks himself strong enough to re-  
sist a force of 5000. Com. Jones, in the Ohio,  
had not arrived, but was daily expected. The  
Dale, commanded by Lieut. Yard, was at  
Guaymas. An expedition of her officers and  
men had lately marched into the interior and  
surprised the Mexican forces on Campa-  
sano and took most of his officers and com-  
mand, prisoners, and were paroled five days after.  
The posts of San Blas and Manzanillo were  
blockaded, the first by ship Lexington, Lieut.  
Bailey, the latter by the chartered ship Whit-  
comb, commanded by Lieut. Chalar. The  
amount of revenues received from customs at  
Mazatlan has been large. In Upper California  
everything is quiet. Col. Mason was rais-  
ing a volunteer force to go to Lower Cali-  
fornia, to put down the guerrillas, who have  
been very active, and have greatly annoyed  
our small garrisons at La Paz and San Jose,  
but in all the numerous attacks our garrisons  
maintained their positions and repulsed the  
enemy. At La Paz, Lieut. Col. Berton, with  
two companies of the California Regiment, af-  
ter he had maintained a siege for three weeks,  
organized a storming party under Capt. Steel,  
who was successful in taking the enemy's  
works, and their flag was taken by Sergeant  
Scott. The ship Cayana, Capt. S. F. Dupont,  
sent by Commodore Shubrick from Mazatlan  
arrived at La Paz this morning, and the  
entirely withdrew from La Paz, and con-  
centrated all their forces, in number about 500,  
upon the post at San Jose, commanded by  
Lieut. Charles Heywood, U. S. Navy, with a  
detachment of sailors and marines, numbering  
all told, about 70, and some native California vol-  
unteers. The guerrillas captured Priest Midship-  
man Duncan, and Warley, a sergeant of the  
California Regiment, and 5 marines. Capt.  
Dupont hearing that Lieut. Heywood was  
hard pressed, and had lost two valuable offi-  
cers, sailed for San Jose, where he arrived on  
the 14th of February just at sun down, and  
found all communication cut off with the town  
and garrison, situated two miles from the  
beach, but the fight was going on, and when  
night closed in the flash of musketry was per-  
ceptible. Capt. Dupont decided to wait until  
early daylight, and then land all his dispos-  
able force, which amounted to 100, himself in-  
cluding 100.

Early daylight the force was on the  
beach. The being long favored their  
landing, and with a four-pounder they were  
soon in column and on their march to the re-  
scue of the garrison. The guerrillas, antici-  
pating the landing of the crew of the Cayana,  
had taken their position during the night, the  
route affording them abundant cover. The  
guerrillas proceeded about a distance be-  
fore the guerrillas opened their fire, which  
was continued upon the column during their  
entire march to the garrison, before reaching  
which they had to storm several houses of the  
town, which the enemy had possession of, in  
which they were aided by the garrison force  
which sallied out, joined in routing the enemy,  
and the guerrillas were driven to the sea, where  
a large number of the inhabitants had sought refuge.  
He had been besieged twenty-one days, and  
his provisions were nearly exhausted by his  
sustaining the inhabitants. For nine days  
none of them had been outside of the build-  
ings, and disease had been fast generating.  
Passed Midshipman T. McLanahan had  
been killed on the 11th February. The water  
had been cut off and the garrison was in the  
most deplorable state. Of the 101 that so gal-  
lantly landed, it is marvellous to state only  
four were wounded, having sustained a heavy  
fire for two miles from covered positions,  
which they could only very ineffectually re-  
turn. The report of the fight, and the ene-  
my's suffered great loss. The garrison was  
abundantly supplied with provisions, and the  
guerrillas had retired.

The belief in the city of Mexico at last ac-  
cording to the Americans were advancing  
upon Chihuahua, and that the inhabitants  
were moving away. We cannot bring our-  
selves to attach any faith to the report that  
Col. Ralls has been defeated at El Paso.

MURDER.—A correspondent in Cabarrus  
county gives us the particulars of a horrid  
murder that took place on the 26th ult. George  
Linker, a well known and shot through the  
heart by Jacob Dove, as it is supposed.

Two men were rival candidates for the hand of  
a lady. Linker being favored was engaged to  
be married, when Dove swore that if he could  
not marry her no one else should. He made  
two attempts to shoot Linker, the last of which  
was but too successful. The report of the  
gun was heard, and Dove was seen going off  
in a stooping posture. He was apprehended,  
and awaits his trial in the jail of Cabarrus.  
Fayetteville Observer.

THE PRESIDENCY.  
Letter from Mr. Clay—His Consent to be a  
Candidate. The following from the Hon.  
Henry Clay settles the disputed point, as to  
his desire to be a candidate for the Presidency:  
ASHLAND, April 10, 1848.  
To the Public. The various and conflict-  
ing reports which have been in circulation, in  
regard to my intentions with respect to the  
next Presidency, appear to me to furnish a  
proper occasion for a full, frank and explicit  
exposition of my feelings, wishes and views  
upon the subject. This it is now proper to  
make. With a strong disinclination to the  
use of my name again in connection with that  
office, I left my residence in December last,  
under a determination to announce to the pub-  
lic, in some suitable form, my desire not to be  
thought of as a candidate. During my ab-  
sence, I have been constantly and earnestly  
expressed to different gentlemen my unwillingness to be again in that  
attitude, but though no one was authorized to  
publish my decision one way or the other,  
having reserved the right to do so exclusively  
to myself, on reflection, I thought it was due  
to my friends to consult with them before I  
took a decisive and final step.

Accordingly, within the course of the last  
few months, I have had opportunity of con-  
ferring fully and freely with them. Many of  
them have addressed to me the strongest ap-  
peals and the most earnest entreaties, both  
verbally and written, to dissuade me from ex-  
ecuting my intended purpose. They repre-  
sented to me that the withdrawal of my name  
would be fatal to the success, and perhap  
lead to the dissolution of the party with  
which I have been associated, particularly in  
the free States; that no former period did  
there ever exist so great a probability of my  
election, if I would consent to the use of my  
name; that the great States of New York  
and Ohio would in all probability cast their  
votes for me; that New York would more  
certainly bestow her suffrage upon me than  
upon any other candidate; that Ohio would  
upon her vote to no candidate residing in the  
slave States but to me; that there is a better  
prospect than has heretofore at any time exist-  
ed, that Pennsylvania would unite with them;  
that no candidate can be elected without the  
concurrence of two of these three States, and  
none could be defeated upon whom all of them  
would be united; that great numbers of our  
fellow citizens, both of native and foreign  
birth, who were deceived, and therefore voted  
against me at the last election, are now eager  
for an opportunity of bestowing their suf-  
frages upon me; that whilst there is a strong  
and decided preference for me entertained by  
the great body of the whig party throughout  
the United States, they are friends to whom I  
refer, are convinced that I am more avail-  
able than any candidate that could be pre-  
sented for the American people. I do not pre-  
tend the vouch for the accuracy of all these  
representations, although I do not entertain a  
doubt that they have been honestly made and  
are sincerely believed. It has been moreover  
urged to me that the great obligations under  
which I have been hitherto placed by a large  
portion of the people of the United States, the  
full force of which no one can be more sensi-  
ble of than I am, demand that I should not  
withhold the use of my name if it should be  
requested; and I have been reminded of fre-  
quent declarations which I have made, that  
whilst life and health remain, a man is bound  
to render his best services upon the call of his  
country.

Since my return home, I have anxiously  
deliberated upon my duty to myself, to my  
principles, to my friends, and above all, to my  
country. The conflict between my unaffected  
desire to continue in private life, as most com-  
monly with my feelings and condition, and  
my wish to do something to perform my public  
duties, has been painful and embarrassing. If  
I refuse the use of my name, and those injuri-  
ous consequences should ensue which have  
been so confidently predicted by my friends,  
I should justly incur their reproaches, and my  
reproaches of my own heart; and if, on the  
contrary, I should accept of the use of my  
name, whatever the result may be, I shall ex-  
pose both. I have therefore finally decided to  
leave to the National Convention, which is to  
assemble in June, the consideration of my  
name in connection with such others as may  
be presented to it, to make a selection of a  
suitable candidate for President of the United  
States; and whatever may be the result of  
fair and full deliberations, it will meet with  
my prompt and cheerful acquiescence. It will  
be seen from what I have stated, that there  
was reason to anticipate that I would decline  
giving my consent to the use of my name  
again as a candidate for the Presidency of the  
United States. Owing, perhaps, to this, as  
well as other causes, the use of my name  
and whatever may be the result of my  
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STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.  
NEW-HANOVER COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.  
March Term, A. D. 1848.—John A.  
Aviret vs. Jesse H. Canady.—Original At-  
tachment levied on the defendant's Lands.  
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court  
that the defendant in this case resides beyond the  
limits of this State, or so absconds or conceals  
himself that the ordinary process of the law  
cannot be served upon him: On motion, it is or-  
dered, that publication be made in the Wilming-  
ton Journal for six weeks, notifying said defen-  
dant to appear at the next term of this Court and  
reply said property, or the same will be con-  
demned and sold to satisfy plaintiff's claim.  
Teste, L. H. MARSTELLER, Ck. 30  
March 31, 1848.—[29-61] [Pr. fee, \$4 37]

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.  
NEW-HANOVER COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.  
March Term, A. D. 1848.—Oliver and Augustus  
Wetmore, vs. Pasqual M. Luciani.  
Original Attachment—Levied on a certain lot  
on the Rail Road Bridge near the Depot; also on a store  
on Market street, south side, adjoining the lot of  
John J. McMillan on the west, and Thos. H. Wright  
on the east.  
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that  
the defendant in this case resides beyond the  
limits of this State, or so absconds or conceals  
himself that the ordinary process of the law  
cannot be served upon him: On motion, it is or-  
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reply said property, or the same will be con-  
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Teste, L. H. MARSTELLER, Ck. 30  
March 31, 1848.—[29-61] [Pr. fee, \$4 37]

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.  
NEW-HANOVER COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.  
March Term, A. D. 1848.—William A. Wright &  
Joshua G. Wright, vs. Pasqual M. Luciani.  
Original Attachment—Levied upon sundry  
goods, wares, and mer-  
chandise, & upon house-  
hold and kitchen furniture.  
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that  
the defendant in this case resides beyond the  
limits of this State, or so absconds or conceals  
himself that the ordinary process of the law  
cannot be served upon him: On motion, it is or-  
dered, that publication be made in the Wilming-  
ton Journal for six weeks, notifying said defen-  
dant to appear at the next term of this Court and  
reply said property, or the same will be con-  
demned and sold to satisfy plaintiff's claim.  
Teste, L. H. MARSTELLER, Ck. 30  
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Teste, L. H. MARSTELLER, Ck. 30  
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Swansboro' Academy.  
J. C. McDONALD.  
WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of On-  
slow and the adjoining Counties, that the  
School conducted by him at Swansboro', in On-  
slow County, was opened on Monday, the 3d inst.  
From his experience as a teacher he feels assured  
that he will be able to give satisfaction to parents  
and guardians who may be disposed to place their  
children under his charge.  
The course taught in his School will embrace  
an English, Classical, and Mathematical educa-  
tion.  
The situation is healthy, board is cheap, and  
his terms are moderate. Those who intend to  
place children under his care, would do well to do  
so immediately, in order that the classes may be  
made up in the early part of the session.  
Swansboro', April 7, 1848.—[30-4]

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE,  
First Door in R. W. Brown's New Build-  
ings, on Front Street, a few Doors  
from Market Street.  
THE subscribers, thankful for the liberal pa-  
tronage which they have received, beg leave to an-  
nounce to the citizens of Wilmington and sur-  
rounding country, that they are now receiving a  
large and general supply of SPRING and SUM-  
MER GOODS.  
Superfine blue and black  
Broad Cloths;  
Black & fancy Cassimeres;  
Blue, black and gold  
mixed Sattinets;  
Plain striped and gold  
mixed Kentucky Jeans;  
Black & fancy Vests;  
Marcelline Vestings;  
White and plain Linen  
Drill;  
Brown and Slate Linen  
Drill;  
Fancy, plain, and striped  
Gottos Drills;  
Cravats and Stocks;  
Carpeting a good supply;  
Irish Linen & Lawns;  
Bleached and brown  
Shirting;  
10-4 bleached Shirting;  
Bed Ticking and Apron  
Checks;  
Table & Child's Diapers;  
8-4 brown damask do  
8-4 white do do  
Damask Table Covers;  
30, 32, & 34 inch Scotch  
Gingham Umbrellas;  
Silk & Cotton pocket  
Hdkfs.

FOR LADIES WEAR.  
New style of plain Silk;  
Colored, plaid, & striped  
Silk;  
Plain black do  
Bombazine, large supply;  
French Robes;  
Collars;  
Ginghams, well assort-  
ed do  
Lawn;  
Colored Borage;  
Black do  
Plain and plaid Alpaca;  
Silk & cotton  
Dress Shawls;  
do Scarfs;  
Ladies Cravats;  
Edgings and Insertings;  
Fancy spring and sum-  
mer prints;  
Silk & Cotton Parasols;  
Toilet Cases;  
Jaconet and Cambric do;  
Bonnets, new styles;  
Bonnets of Ribbons;  
Wreaths and Flowers;  
Muslin Skirts;  
Black and colored silk  
Fringes;  
Ladies col'd Kid Gloves;  
do Black do  
do Black & English  
do silk Hosi-  
do raw do  
Bk, colored, and white  
Cotton Hosi-  
Misses' colored do;  
Clasps, Beads, and Tas-  
sels.  
Together with a variety of other articles too  
numerous to mention; all of which, being purchased  
by the package at reduced prices, will be offered  
at uncommonly low prices.  
We would call the attention of country mer-  
chants to our stock, and solicit them to ex-  
amine the same before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel  
confident that we can offer better bargains than  
they ever had offered in this market.  
JOHN KYLE & CO.  
Wilmington, N. C., March 31, 1848.—3-y

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.  
ONslow County—Court of Pleas and Quar-  
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that the defendant in this case resides beyond the  
limits of this State, or so absconds or conceals  
himself that the ordinary process of the law  
cannot be served upon him: On motion, it is or-  
dered, that publication be made in the Wilming-  
ton Journal for six weeks, notifying said defen-  
dant to appear at the next term of this Court and  
reply said property, or the same will be con-  
demned and sold to satisfy plaintiff's claim.  
Teste, JASPER ETHERIDGE, Clerk. 30  
March 31, 1848.—[29-61] [Pr. fee, \$2 60]

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.  
NEW-HANOVER COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.  
March Term, A. D. 1848.—Charles W. Bradley,  
vs. James F. DePeyster and  
Richmond Whitmarsh.  
Original Attachment—Levied on Lot No.  
166, rear L. (except  
the burying ground  
thereon) and also on  
a lot on the south side  
of Henderson's Alley,  
between the lot of  
James F. DePeyster and  
Richmond Whitmarsh.  
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that  
the defendant in this case resides beyond the  
limits of this State, or so absconds or conceals  
himself that the ordinary process of the law  
cannot be served upon him: On motion, it is or-  
dered, that publication be made in the Wilming-  
ton Journal for six weeks, notifying said defen-  
dant to appear at the next term of this Court and  
reply said property, or the same will be con-  
demned and sold to satisfy plaintiff's claim.  
Teste, L. H. MARSTELLER, Ck. 30  
March 31, 1848.—[29-61] [Pr. fee, \$4 37]

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.  
NEW-HANOVER COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.  
March Term, A. D. 1848.—Oliver and Augustus  
Wetmore, vs. Pasqual M. Luciani.  
Original Attachment—Levied on a certain lot  
on the Rail Road Bridge near the Depot; also on a store  
on Market street, south side, adjoining the lot of  
John J. McMillan on the west, and Thos. H. Wright  
on the east.  
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that  
the defendant in this case resides beyond the  
limits of this State, or so absconds or conceals  
himself that the ordinary process of the law  
cannot be served upon him: On motion, it is or-  
dered, that publication be made in the Wilming-  
ton Journal for six weeks, notifying said defen-  
dant to appear at the next term of this Court and  
reply said property, or the same will be con-  
demned and sold to satisfy plaintiff's claim.  
Teste, L. H. MARSTELLER, Ck. 30  
March 31, 1848.—[29-61] [Pr. fee, \$4 37]

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.  
NEW-HANOVER COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.  
March Term, A. D. 1848.—William A. Wright &  
Joshua G. Wright, vs. Pasqual M. Luciani.  
Original Attachment—Levied upon sundry  
goods, wares, and mer-  
chandise, & upon house-  
hold and kitchen furniture.  
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that  
the defendant in this case resides beyond the  
limits of this State, or so absconds or conceals  
himself that the ordinary process of the law  
cannot be served upon him: On motion, it is or-  
dered, that publication be made in the Wilming-  
ton Journal for six weeks, notifying said defen-  
dant to appear at the next term of this Court and  
reply said property, or the same will be con-  
demned and sold to satisfy plaintiff's claim.  
Teste, L. H. MARSTELLER, Ck. 30  
March 31, 1848.—[29-61] [Pr. fee, \$4 37]

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.  
NEW-HANOVER COUNTY.  
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.  
March Term, A. D. 1848.—John A.  
Aviret vs. Jesse H. Canady.—Original At-  
tachment levied on the defendant's Lands.  
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court  
that the defendant in this case resides beyond the  
limits of this State, or so absconds or conceals  
himself that the ordinary process of the law  
cannot be served upon him: On motion, it is or-  
dered, that publication be made in the Wilming-  
ton Journal for six weeks, notifying said defen-  
dant to appear at the next term of this Court and  
reply said property, or the same will be con-  
demned and sold to satisfy plaintiff's claim.  
Teste, L. H. MARSTELLER, Ck. 30  
March 31, 1848.—[29-61] [Pr. fee, \$4 37]

Swansboro' Academy.  
J. C. McDONALD.  
WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of On-  
slow and the adjoining Counties, that the  
School conducted by him at Swansboro', in On-  
slow County, was opened on Monday, the 3d inst.  
From his experience as a teacher he feels assured  
that he will be able to give satisfaction to parents  
and guardians who may be disposed to place their  
children under his charge.  
The course taught in his School will embrace  
an English, Classical, and Mathematical educa-  
tion.  
The situation is healthy, board is cheap, and  
his terms are moderate. Those who intend to  
place children under his care, would do well to do  
so immediately, in order that the classes may be  
made up in the early part of the session.  
Swansboro', April 7, 1848.—[30-4]

CHEAP AND GOOD BOARD-  
ING may be had at the  
ROCK SPRING HOTEL,  
now opened under the superintendence of  
—A. FRED ALDERMAN—  
Having had the house completely cleaned,  
white-washed and painted, and furnished with  
new axels, carpets, and other furniture, it is  
ready to wait upon those who may favor me with  
a call. Come and see.  
A. ALDERMAN.  
October 22, 1847. 6-12m

Carriage Manufactory.  
THE subscriber having established himself  
near Messrs. Hall & Armstrong's Distillery  
in this town, for the purpose of carrying on the  
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING BUSINESS,  
respectfully solicits a share of the public patron-  
age.  
Particular attention paid to repairing riding  
vehicles of every description.  
GEORGE BROWN.  
Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 26, 1847.—[7-12m]

BOARDING AND LODGING.  
First door West of the Post-office,  
MARKET-STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C.  
The subscriber respectfully informs  
the public that he has opened that large  
and commodious brick building on Mar-  
ket street, next door to the Post-office,  
as a BOARDING HOUSE, and respectfully  
solicits a share of public patronage. His terms  
will be moderate, and his table as good as the Market  
will afford. The subscriber, grateful for past fa-  
vor, returns his thanks to those who patronized  
him at his former stand, and would respectfully  
solicit from them a continuance of their custom at  
his new establishment, on Market-street.  
Nov. 12, [9-6m] PETER SMITH.

THE FOUR STORY BRICK  
tenement, now occupied by Dr. Dick-  
son, on the South side of Market street,  
together with the office underneath,  
occupied by Thomas Miller, Esq.  
Also, an unimproved lot, in Quince's Alley.  
Terms, 6 or 12 months credit, with approved  
securities. WM. D. COWAN.  
June 25, 1847. 41-4f

NO DECEPTION.  
NOT a week passes away without we have to  
record some of the most astonishing cures of long  
continued Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Bleed-  
ing at the lungs, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breath-  
ing, and various diseases to which the Lungs and  
Thoracic organs are subject. Dr. Taylor's Balm of  
Wild Cherry. This great remedy is daily effect-  
ing the most remarkable cures. Thousands have  
been restored, when dangerously afflicted, by the  
inestimable virtues of this medicine. If you have a  
cough, shortness of breath, asthma, spitting blood,  
pain in the side, or any other symptom of consump-  
tion, or any other disease of the Lungs, or any other  
disease of the Thoracic organs, which has been  
restored, when dangerously afflicted, by the  
inestimable virtues of this medicine. If you have a  
cough, shortness of breath, asthma, spitting blood,  
pain in the side, or any other symptom of consump-  
tion, or any other disease of the Lungs, or any other  
disease of the Thoracic organs, which has been  
restored, when dangerously afflicted, by the  
inestimable virtues of this medicine. If you have a  
cough, shortness of breath, asthma, spitting blood,  
pain in the side, or any other symptom of consump-  
tion, or any other disease of the Lungs, or any other  
disease of the Thoracic organs, which has been  
restored, when dangerously afflicted, by the  
inestimable virtues of this medicine.

FOR RENT.  
THE HANOVER HOUSE,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
THE subscriber offers for rent  
that well known Hotel, the HANO-  
VER HOUSE, in the City of New Han-  
over. The House is located in the most busi-  
ness part of Wilmington, and is acknowl-  
edged to be one of the best, if not the very best,  
stand in Wilmington for a Hotel. It is sit-  
uated on the East side of Front Street, im-  
mediately opposite the Bank of Cape Fear, and  
within half a square of the Bank of the State.  
The Hanover House is a new fire-proof brick  
building, about 4 or 5 years old, and will al-  
ways command a large share of public patron-  
age. The subscriber is desirous of getting a  
competent man to take charge of the House.  
Such a person take the House, the  
terms will be made reasonable to him. For  
particulars apply to the subscriber, by letter  
or otherwise, at the Journal Office, Wilming-  
ton, N. C. DAVID FULTON  
October 22, 1847.

NOTICE.  
THE subscribers of Dec Term 1847, of the Court  
of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of New Han-  
over County, having qualified as administra-  
tors with the will annexed, of Thos. Devane, dec'd.,  
herby give notice to all persons indebted to said  
estate, to make immediate payment, and to those  
having demands against the same, to present them  
duly authenticated with the proper vouchers, by let-  
ter, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their  
recovery. OWEN FENNEL, Admr.,  
Dec. 24, 1847.—15-6m

NOTICE.  
CONSIGNEES and owners of Goods, coming  
by the steamer, are hereby notified that they must  
receive them on their arrival, and during the  
time the vessels are discharging, as I will not be  
responsible for any goods after being landed.  
GEORGE W. DAVIS.  
October 16, 1846